-DECISION-

Claimant:

JOHN H WALKER III

Decision No.:

1744-BR-13

Date:

July 31, 2013

Appeal No.:

1235152

S.S. No.:

Employer:

L.O. No.:

64

Appellant:

Claimant

Whether the claimant was able, available and actively seeking work within the meaning of the Maryland Code, Labor and Employment Article, Title 8 Section 903.

- NOTICE OF RIGHT OF APPEAL TO COURT -

You may file an appeal from this decision in the Circuit Court for Baltimore City or one of the Circuit Courts in a county in Maryland. The court rules about how to file the appeal can be found in many public libraries, in the <u>Maryland Rules of Procedure</u>, Title 7, Chapter 200.

The period for filing an appeal expires: August 30, 2013

REVIEW OF THE RECORD

After a review of the record, the Board adopts the hearing examiner's findings of fact. The Board clarifies the second and third sentences of the second paragraph to properly reflect that the claimant was assisting in the care of his elderly relative; the claimant was not providing full-time care. The Board concludes that these facts warrant different conclusions of law and a reversal of the hearing examiner's decision.

The General Assembly declared that, in its considered judgment, the public good and the general welfare of the citizens of the State required the enactment of the Unemployment Insurance Law, under the police powers of the State, for the compulsory setting aside of unemployment reserves to be used for the benefit of individuals unemployed through no fault of their own. *Md. Code Ann., Lab. & Empl. Art., § 8-102(c)*.

Unemployment compensation laws are to be read liberally in favor of eligibility, and disqualification provisions are to be strictly construed. Sinai Hosp. of Baltimore v. Dept. of Empl. & Training, 309 Md. 28 (1987).

The Board reviews the record *de novo* and may affirm, modify, or reverse the findings of fact or conclusions of law of the hearing examiner on the basis of evidence submitted to the hearing examiner or evidence that the Board may direct to be taken. *Md. Code Ann., Lab. & Empl. Art., § 8-510(d)*. The Board fully inquires into the facts of each particular case. *COMAR 09.32.06.03(E)(1)*.

The claimant has the burden of demonstrating by a preponderance of the evidence that he is able, available and actively seeking work. *Md. Code Ann., Lab. & Empl. Art., § 8-903.* A claimant may not impose conditions and limitations on his willingness to work and still be available as the statute requires. *Robinson v. Md. Empl. Sec. Bd, 202 Md. 515, 519 (1953).* A denial of unemployment insurance benefits is warranted if the evidence supports a finding that the claimant was unavailable for work. *Md. Empl. Sec. Bd. v. Poorbaugh, 195 Md. 197, 198 (1950); compare Laurel Racing Ass'n Ltd. P'shp v. Babendreier, 146 Md. App. 1, 21 (2002).*

A claimant should actively seek work in those fields in which he is most likely to obtain employment. Goldman v. Allen's Auto Supply, 1123-BR-82; also see and compare Laurel Racing Ass'n Ltd. P'shp v. Babendreier, 146 Md. App. 1 (2002).

The term "available for work" as used in §8-903 means, among other things, a general willingness to work demonstrated by an active and reasonable search to obtain work. *Plaugher v. Preston Trucking, 279-BH-84*. A claimant need not make herself available to a specific employer, particularly when the employer cannot guarantee her work, in order to be available as the statute requires. *Laurel Racing Ass'n Ltd. P'shp v. Babendreier, 146 Md. App. 1, 22 (2002)*.

Section 8-903 provides that a claimant must be able to work, available to work, and actively seeking work in each week for which benefits are claimed.

In his appeal, the claimant reiterates his contentions from the hearing. The claimant asserts that he is not limited or restricted by anything in seeking and accepting suitable full-time work. The Board agrees with the claimant's contentions.

On appeal, the Board reviews the evidence of record from the Lower Appeals hearing. The Board will not order the taking of additional evidence or a new hearing unless there has been clear error, a defect in the record, or a failure of due process. The record is complete. The claimant appeared and testified. The necessary elements of due process were observed throughout the hearing. The Board finds no reason to order a new hearing or take additional evidence in this matter.

The Board has thoroughly reviewed the record from the hearing. The Board finds that the hearing examiner applied the availability provisions of the law too strictly. A claimant does not have to be available to work twenty-four hours, seven days each week. The claimant was available to work the majority of every week. The claimant was seeking work which is traditionally offered at all hours of the

day. The claimant was assisting in the care of an elderly relative, but was not occupied with this to the extent it precluded him from working. The class the claimant attends only takes four hours from the week. Neither of these factors is a bar to the claimant's availability for full-time work. The Board concludes that the claimant was available for work as contemplated in the statute.

The Board notes that the hearing examiner did not offer or admit the *Agency Fact Finding Report* into evidence. The Board did not consider this document when rendering its decision.

The Board finds based upon a preponderance of the credible evidence that the claimant has met his burden of demonstrating that he was able, available, and actively seeking work, as of June 3, 2012, within the meaning of *Robinson v. Md. Empl. Sec. Bd.*, 202 Md. 515 (1953) and §8-903. The decision shall be reversed for the reasons stated herein.

DECISION

The claimant is able to work, available for work and actively seeking work within the meaning of Maryland Code Annotated, Labor and Employment Article, Title 8, Section 903. The claimant is entitled to benefits if he is otherwise eligible and qualified.

The Hearing Examiner's decision is reversed.

Donna Watts-Lamont, Chairperson

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Clayton A. Mitchell, Sr., Associate Member

KJK/mw
Copies mailed to:
 JOHN H. WALKER III
 SUSAN BASS DLLR
 Susan Bass, Office of the Assistant Secretary

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE APPEALS DECISION

JOHN H WALKER III

SSN#

Claimant

VS.

Employer/Agency

Before the:

Maryland Department of Labor,

Licensing and Regulation

Division of Appeals

1100 North Eutaw Street

Room 511

Baltimore, MD 21201

(410) 767-2421

Appeal Number: 1235152

Appellant: Claimant

Local Office: 64 / BALTOMETRO

CALL CENTER

November 07, 2012

For the Claimant: PRESENT

For the Employer:

For the Agency:

ISSUE(S)

Whether the claimant is able, available for work and actively seeking work within the meaning of the MD Code Annotated, Labor and Employment Article, Title 8 Sections 903 and 904; and/or whether the claimant is entitled to sick claim benefits within the meaning of Section 8-907.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The claimant, John Walker III, filed for unemployment insurance benefits establishing a benefit year effective November 23, 2008 with a weekly benefit amount of \$124.00.

Since opening his claim for benefits, the claimant has been seeking work in the security field or as a grocery stocker, for which the claimant would accept any available hours. With respect to whether the claimant has any restrictions on his availability to perform work, the claimant began caring for a sick relative in June 2012. The claimant took care of his relative and stayed with her overnight as she was afraid. However as of October 1, 2012, another relative has begun to care for the relative. The claimant is however taking a class at Baltimore City Community College that is taught of Fridays and Saturdays from 8:00 a.m. until

10:00 a.m. The claimant also has a ten year old son that he has custody of every other weekend.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Md. Code Ann., Labor of Emp. Article, Section 8-903 provides that a claimant for unemployment insurance benefits shall be (1) able to work; (2) available for work; and (3) actively seeking work. In Robinson v. Maryland Employment Sec. Bd., 202 Md. 515, 97 A.2d 300 (1953), the Court of Appeals held that a claimant may not impose restrictions upon his or her willingness to work and still be available as the statute requires.

A claimant attending an educational institution does not normally meet the requirements of Md. Code Ann., Labor & Emp. Article, Section 8-903 which provides that a claimant for unemployment insurance benefits must be able, available and actively seeking work. School attendance normally operates as a substantial restriction upon availability for work.

EVALUATION OF EVIDENCE

The Hearing Examiner considered all of the testimony and evidence of record in reaching this decision. Where the evidence was in conflict, the Hearing Examiner decided the facts on the credible evidence as determined by the Hearing Examiner.

The claimant had the burden to show, by a preponderance of the evidence, that he is in compliance with Agency requirements. In the case at bar, that burden has not been met. The claimant was the caregiver for a sick relative from the beginning of June 2012 until October 1, 2012. The claimant is also attending classes at Baltimore City Community College which also acts as an impediment to working. Accordingly, a disqualification is warranted and benefits will not be allowed for those weeks in which the claimant demonstrated a material restriction upon availability for work, as discussed above.

DECISION

IT IS HELD THAT the claimant is not fully able, available and actively seeking work within the meaning of Md. Code Ann., Labor & Emp. Article, Section 8-903. Benefits are denied for the week beginning June 3, 2012 and until the claimant is fully able, available and actively seeking work without material restriction.

The determination of the Claims Specialist is modified.

E.P. Melcavage

E. P Melcavage, Esq. Hearing Examiner

Notice of Right to Request Waiver of Overpayment

The Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation may seek recovery of any overpayment received by the Claimant. Pursuant to Section 8-809 of the Labor and Employment Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland, and Code of Maryland Regulations 09.32.07.01 through 09.32.07.09, the Claimant has a right to request a waiver of recovery of this overpayment. This request may be made by contacting Overpayment Recoveries Unit at 410-767-2404. If this request is made, the Claimant is entitled to a hearing on this issue.

A request for waiver of recovery of overpayment does not act as an appeal of this decision.

Esto es un documento legal importante que decide si usted recibirá los beneficios del seguro del desempleo. Si usted disiente de lo que fue decidido, usted tiene un tiempo limitado a apelar esta decisión. Si usted no entiende cómo apelar, usted puede contactar (301) 313-8000 para una explicación.

Notice of Right of Further Appeal

Any party may request a further appeal <u>either</u> in person, by facsimile or by mail with the Board of Appeals. Under COMAR 09.32.06.01A(1) appeals may not be filed by e-mail. Your appeal must be filed by November 26, 2012. You may file your request for further appeal in person at or by mail to the following address:

Board of Appeals 1100 North Eutaw Street Room 515 Baltimore, Maryland 21201 Fax 410-767-2787 Phone 410-767-2781

NOTE: Appeals filed by mail are considered timely on the date of the U.S. Postal Service postmark.

Date of hearing: November 02, 2012 DAH/Specialist ID: RWD2E Seq No: 006 Copies mailed on November 07, 2012 to: JOHN H. WALKER III LOCAL OFFICE #64 SUSAN BASS DLLR